

# Trigonométrie

**Prérequis**

Relation  $\cos^2 + \sin^2 = 1$ . Symétrie et périodicité de sin et cos.  
Formules d'addition et de duplication. Fonction tangente.

Dans toute cette fiche,  $x$  désigne une quantité réelle.

## Valeurs remarquables de cosinus et sinus

**Calcul 8.1**



Simplifier :

- a)  $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{7\pi}{4}$  .
- b)  $\sin \frac{5\pi}{6} + \sin \frac{7\pi}{6}$  .....
- c)  $\tan \frac{2\pi}{3} + \tan \frac{3\pi}{4} + \tan \frac{5\pi}{6} + \tan \frac{7\pi}{6}$
- d)  $\cos^2 \frac{4\pi}{3} - \sin^2 \frac{4\pi}{3}$  .....

## Propriétés remarquables de cosinus et sinus

**Calcul 8.2**



Simplifier :

- a)  $\sin(\pi - x) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right)$  .....
- b)  $\sin(-x) + \cos(\pi + x) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)$
- c)  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right)$  .....
- d)  $\cos(x - \pi) + \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)$  .....

## Formules d'addition

**Calcul 8.3**



Calculer les quantités suivantes.

- a)  $\cos \frac{5\pi}{12}$  (on a  $\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ ) .....
- b)  $\cos \frac{\pi}{12}$  .....
- c)  $\sin \frac{\pi}{12}$  .....
- d)  $\tan \frac{\pi}{12}$  .....

**Calcul 8.4**



- a) Simplifier :  $\sin(4x) \cos(5x) - \sin(5x) \cos(4x)$  .....
- b) Simplifier :  $\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x}$  (pour  $x \in ]0, \frac{\pi}{2}[$ ) .....
- c) Simplifier :  $\cos x + \cos\left(x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(x + \frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$  .....
- d) Expliciter  $\cos(3x)$  en fonction de  $\cos x$  .....

## Formules de duplication

### Calcul 8.5



En remarquant qu'on a  $\frac{\pi}{4} = 2 \times \frac{\pi}{8}$ , calculer :

a)  $\cos \frac{\pi}{8}$  .....

b)  $\sin \frac{\pi}{8}$  .....

### Calcul 8.6



a) Simplifier :  $\frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{\sin(2x)}$  (avec  $x \in ]0, \frac{\pi}{2}[$ ) .....

b) Simplifier :  $\frac{\sin 3x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 3x}{\cos x}$  (pour  $x \in ]0, \frac{\pi}{2}[$ ) .....

c) Expliciter  $\cos(4x)$  en fonction de  $\cos x$  .....

## Équations trigonométriques

### Calcul 8.7



Résoudre dans  $[0, 2\pi]$ , dans  $[-\pi, \pi]$ , puis dans  $\mathbb{R}$  les équations suivantes :

a)  $\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$  .....

f)  $|\tan x| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$  .....

b)  $\sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  .....

g)  $\cos(2x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  .....

c)  $\sin x = \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}$  .....

h)  $2 \sin^2 x + \sin x - 1 = 0$  .....

d)  $\tan x = -1$  .....

i)  $\cos x = \cos \frac{\pi}{7}$  .....

e)  $\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}$  .....

j)  $\sin x = \cos \frac{\pi}{7}$  .....

## Inéquations trigonométriques

### Calcul 8.8



Résoudre dans  $[0, 2\pi]$ , puis dans  $[-\pi, \pi]$ , les inéquations suivantes :

a)  $\cos x \geq -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  .....

e)  $\tan x \geq 1$  .....

b)  $\cos x \leq \cos \frac{\pi}{3}$  .....

f)  $|\tan x| \geq 1$  .....

c)  $\sin x \leq \frac{1}{2}$  .....

g)  $\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \geq 0$  .....

d)  $|\sin x| \leq \frac{1}{2}$  .....

h)  $\cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \geq 0$  .....

Réponses mélangées

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4} \quad \left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right] \\
 \left[ -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \quad \left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\} \quad \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\} \quad 0 \quad \left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\} \\
 \left\{ \frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{13\pi}{7} \right\} \quad \left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right] \quad 8 \cos^4 x - 8 \cos^2 x + 1 \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
 \tan x \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad -\sin x \\
 \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3} \right\} \quad 4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x \quad 2 \quad \left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6} \right\} \quad \left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right] \quad \frac{1}{\cos x} \\
 \left\{ \frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad -1 - \sqrt{3} \quad \left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{11\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right] \\
 \left[ -\pi, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right] \quad \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right] \quad -2 \cos x \quad -\frac{1}{2} \\
 \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad 2 \cos x \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
 \left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \quad 0 \quad \left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\} \quad \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{\pi}{7} \right\} \\
 0 \quad \left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \quad \left[ -\pi, -\frac{\pi}{3} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \pi \right] \quad \left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \\
 -\sin x \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{13\pi}{12}, \frac{23\pi}{12} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\} \quad \left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right] \quad \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2} \\
 \left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right] \quad \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right\} \quad \left\{ -\frac{11\pi}{12}, -\frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right\} \\
 \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\} \quad 0 \quad \left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{15\pi}{8}, 2\pi \right] \quad \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1} \\
 \left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k\frac{2\pi}{3}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{9\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \\
 \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\} \quad \left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} \right\} \quad \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right] \quad \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2} \\
 \left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \pi \right] \quad \left\{ \frac{-2\pi}{3}, \frac{-\pi}{3} \right\} \quad \left\{ \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

► Réponses et corrigés page 98

## Fiche n° 8. Trigonométrie

### Réponses

8.1 a) .....  $\boxed{0}$

8.1 b) .....  $\boxed{0}$

8.1 c) .....  $\boxed{-1 - \sqrt{3}}$

8.1 d) .....  $\boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$

8.2 a) .....  $\boxed{0}$

8.2 b) .....  $\boxed{-\sin x}$

8.2 c) .....  $\boxed{2 \cos x}$

8.2 d) .....  $\boxed{-2 \cos x}$

8.3 a) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}}$

8.3 b) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}}$

8.3 c) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}}$

8.3 d) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1}}$

8.4 a) .....  $\boxed{-\sin x}$

8.4 b) .....  $\boxed{\frac{1}{\cos x}}$

8.4 c) .....  $\boxed{0}$

8.4 d) .....  $\boxed{4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x}$

8.5 a) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2}}$

8.5 b) .....  $\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}}$

8.6 a) .....  $\boxed{\tan x}$

8.6 b) .....  $\boxed{2}$

8.6 c) .....  $\boxed{8 \cos^4 x - 8 \cos^2 x + 1}$

8.7 a) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}}$

8.7 a) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}}$

8.7 a) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 b) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}}$

8.7 b) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{-2\pi}{3}, \frac{-\pi}{3} \right\}}$

8.7 b) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 c) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}}$

8.7 c) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6} \right\}}$

8.7 c) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 d) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}}$

8.7 d) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}}$

8.7 d) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 e) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\}}$

8.7 e) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}}$

8.7 e) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 f) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}}$

8.7 f) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\}}$

8.7 f) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 g) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{13\pi}{12}, \frac{23\pi}{12} \right\}}$

8.7 g) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{11\pi}{12}, -\frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12} \right\}}$

8.7 g) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}}$

8.7 h) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\}}$

8.7 h) .....  $\boxed{\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\}}$

- 8.7 h).....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k \frac{2\pi}{3}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 i).....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{13\pi}{7} \right\}$
- 8.7 i).....  $\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{\pi}{7} \right\}$
- 8.7 i).....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 j).....  $\left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right\}$
- 8.7 j).....  $\left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right\}$
- 8.7 j).....  $\left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{9\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.8 a).....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 a).....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 b).....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right]$
- 8.8 b).....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{\pi}{3} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 c).....  $\left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 c).....  $\left[ -\pi, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 d).....  $\left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{11\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 d).....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 e).....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$
- 8.8 e).....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$
- 8.8 f).....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 f).....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 g).....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 g).....  $\left[ -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 h).....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{15\pi}{8}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 h).....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \pi \right]$

## Corrigés

8.3 b) On peut utiliser  $\frac{\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{4}$  puis les formules d'addition.

8.4 b) On a

$$\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin 2x \cos x - \cos 2x \sin x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(2x - x)}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x}.$$

On peut aussi faire cette simplification à l'aide des formules de duplication :

$$\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} = \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{2 \cos^2 x - 1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

8.4 d) On calcule

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(3x) &= \cos(2x + x) = \cos(2x) \cos x - \sin(2x) \sin x = (2 \cos^2 x - 1) \cos x - 2 \cos x \sin^2 x \\ &= 2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \cos x (1 - \cos^2 x) = 4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x. \end{aligned}$$

8.5 a) On a  $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = 2 \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} - 1$  donc  $\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 2}{4}$ . De plus,  $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} \geq 0$  donc  $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}{2}$ .

8.5 b) On a  $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = 1 - \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4}$  et  $\sin \frac{\pi}{8} \geq 0$  donc  $\sin \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}{2}$ .

**8.6 a)** On a  $\cos(2x) = 1 - 2\sin^2 x$  donc  $\frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{\sin(2x)} = \frac{2\sin^2 x}{2\sin x \cos x} = \tan x$ .

**8.6 b)** On a  $\frac{\sin 3x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 3x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin 3x \cos x - \cos 3x \sin x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(3x - x)}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin x} = \frac{2\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = 2$ .

**8.6 c)** On a  $\cos(4x) = 2\cos^2(2x) - 1 = 2(2\cos^2 x - 1)^2 - 1 = 8\cos^4 x - 8\cos^2 x + 1$ .

**8.7 e)** Cela revient à résoudre «  $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  ou  $\cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  ».

**8.7 g)** Si on résout avec  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = 2x \in [0, 4\pi]$ .

Or, dans  $[0, 4\pi]$ , on a  $\cos t = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  pour  $t \in \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}, \frac{13\pi}{6}, \frac{23\pi}{6} \right\}$  et donc pour  $x \in \left\{ \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{13\pi}{12}, \frac{23\pi}{12} \right\}$ .

**8.7 h)**  $\sin x$  est solution de l'équation de degré 2 :  $2t^2 + t - 1 = 0$  dont les solutions sont  $t = -1$  et  $t = \frac{1}{2}$ . Ainsi, les  $x$  solutions sont les  $x$  tels que  $\sin x = -1$  ou  $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$ .

**8.7 j)** On a  $\cos \frac{\pi}{7} = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{7}\right) = \sin \frac{5\pi}{14}$ . Finalement, on résout  $\sin x = \sin \frac{5\pi}{14}$ .

**8.8 d)** Cela revient à résoudre  $-\frac{1}{2} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{2}$ .

**8.8 f)** On résout «  $\tan x \geq 1$  ou  $\tan x \leq -1$  ».

**8.8 g)** Si  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = x - \frac{\pi}{4} \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ . On résout donc  $\cos t \geq 0$  pour  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$  ce qui donne  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right]$  et donc  $x \in \left[0, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi\right]$ .

**8.8 h)** Si  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = 2x - \frac{\pi}{4} \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 4\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ . On résout donc  $\cos t \geq 0$  pour  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 4\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$  ce qui donne  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{2}, \frac{15\pi}{2}\right]$  puis  $x \in \left[0, \frac{3\pi}{8}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8}\right] \cup \left[\frac{15\pi}{8}, 2\pi\right]$ .